#### MINNESOTA POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY

#### Project 1007 – Progress Update

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Agenda

Overview of Project Phases and Schedule

Review of Settlement Requirements & Location

#### A Complex Problem

#### Below Ground Investigation

Results of Above Ground Investigation

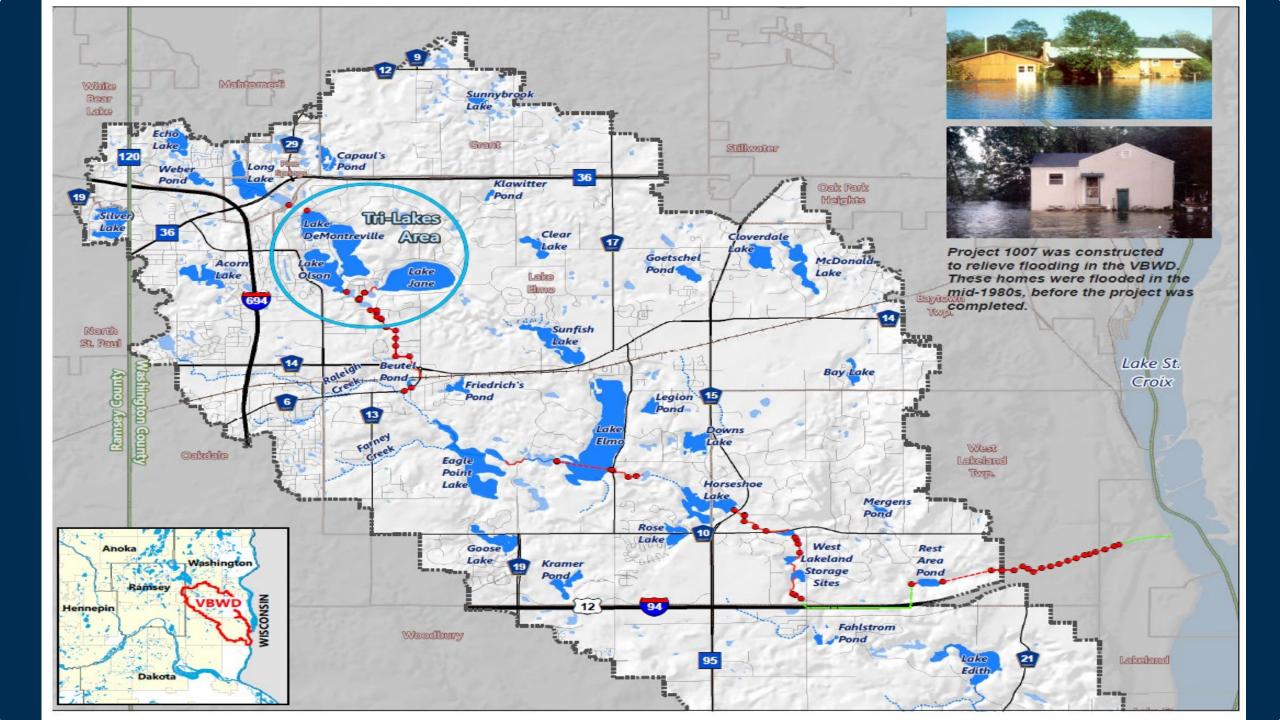
Health Risks

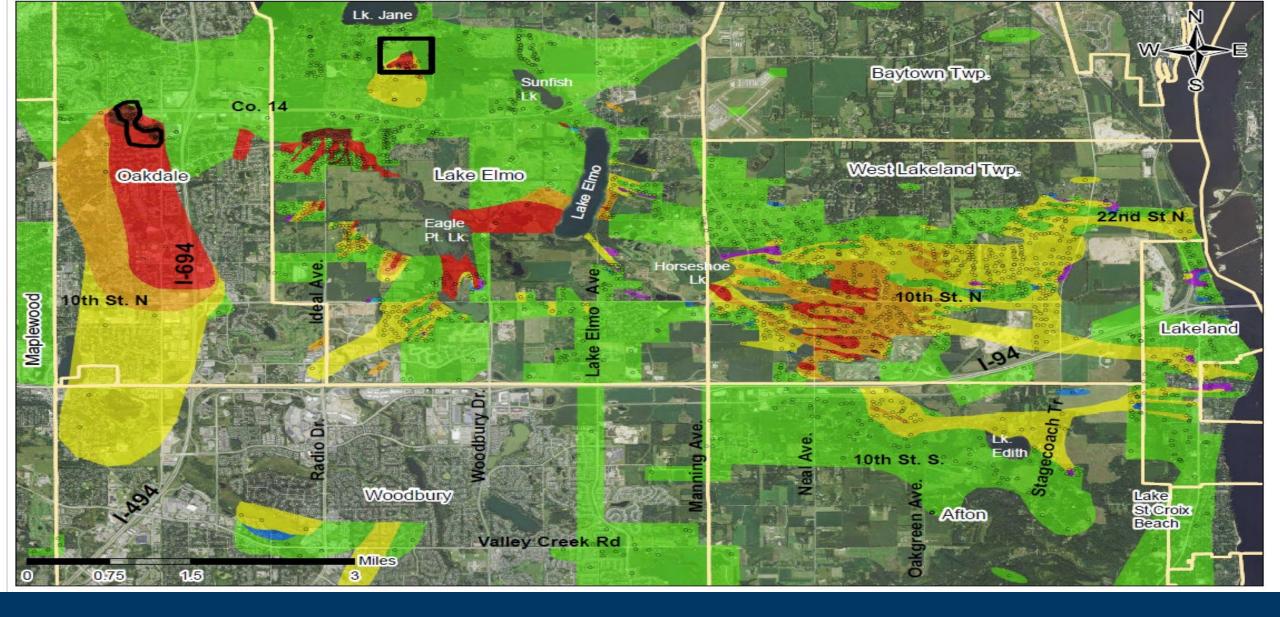
#### Conclusions and Next Steps

### 3M Settlement Language

 As part of the 3M Agreement and Order, the MPCA is conducting "a source assessment and feasibility study regarding the role of the Valley Branch Water District's project known as Project 1007 in the conveyance of PFCs in the environment."







#### PFOS – East Metro PFAS Area – North of I-94

### **Investigation Progress**







**Baseline Sampling Event** 

Fall 2019

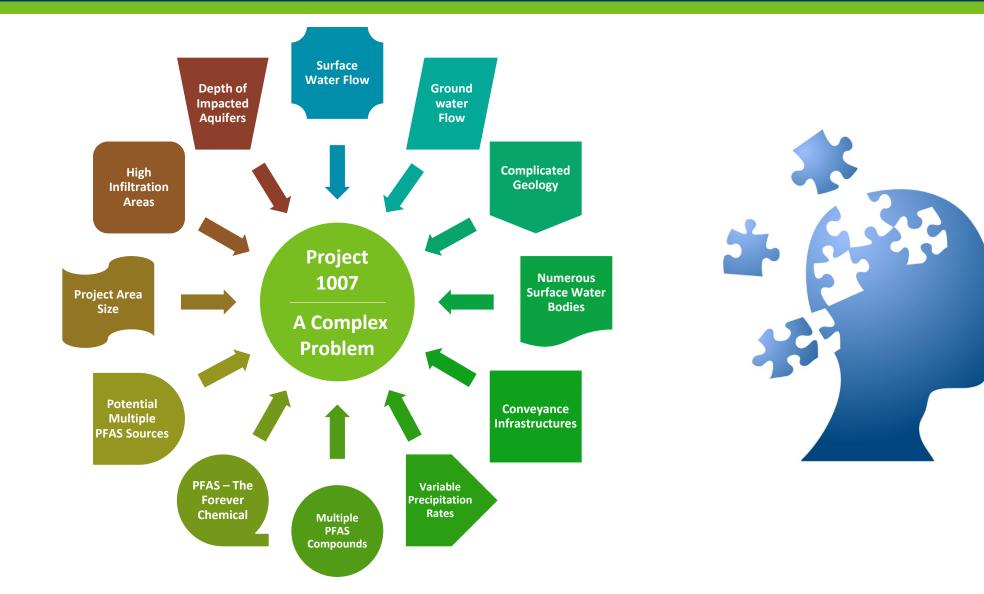
#### **Beta Phase Investigation**

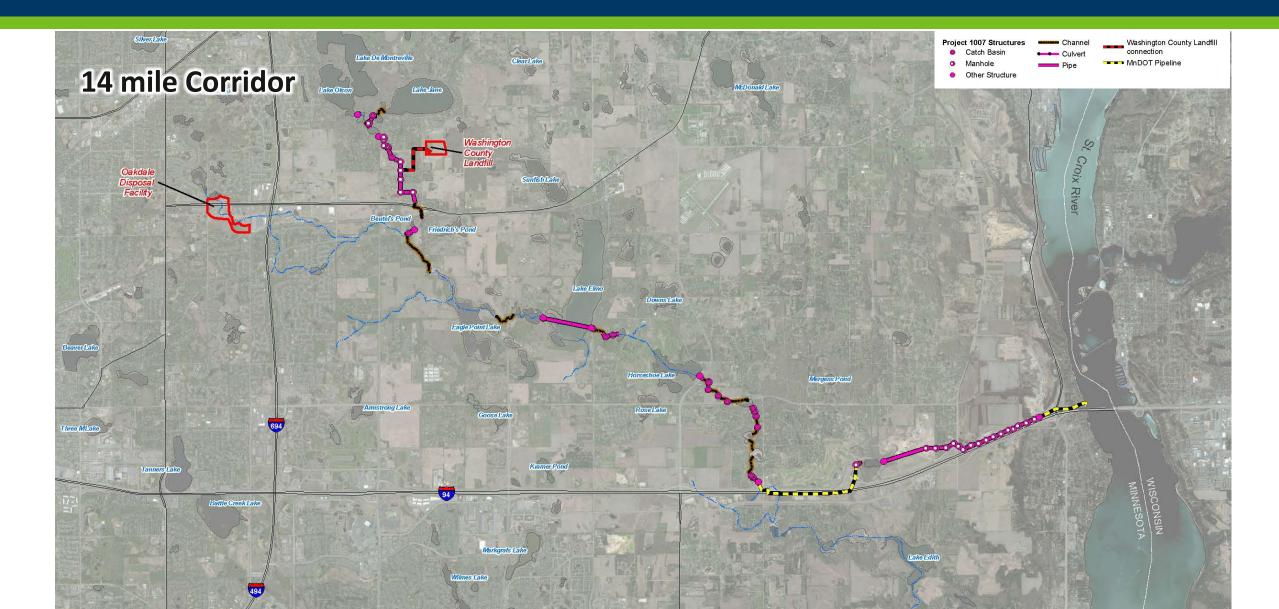
Fall 2019 – Summer 2020

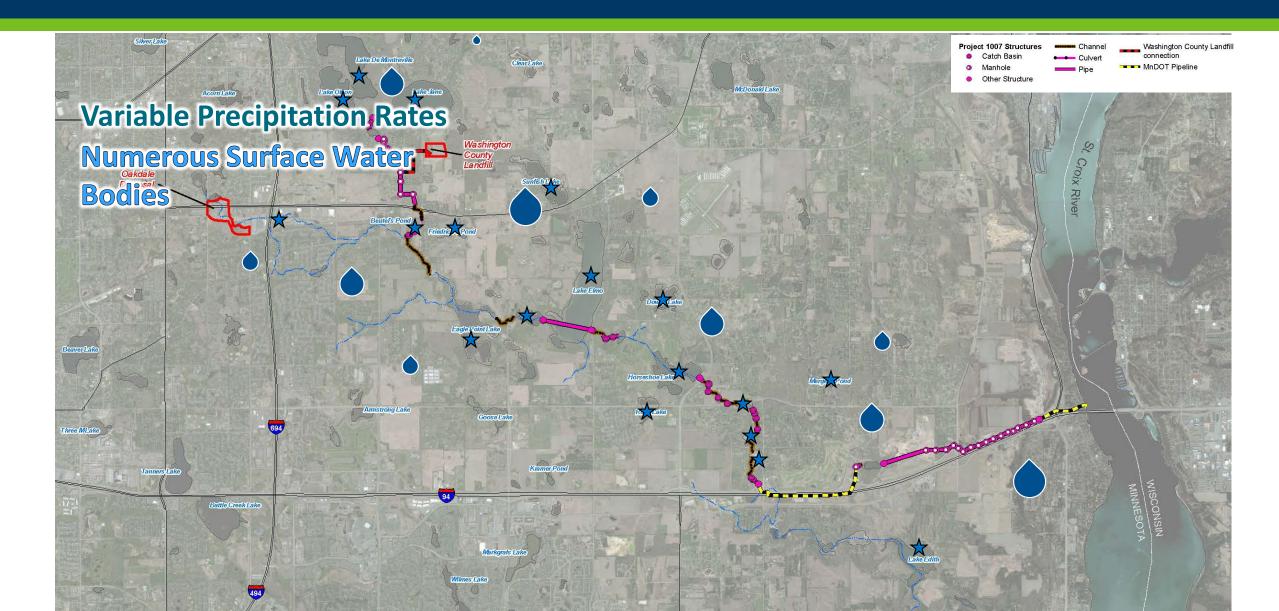
**Focused Investigation** 

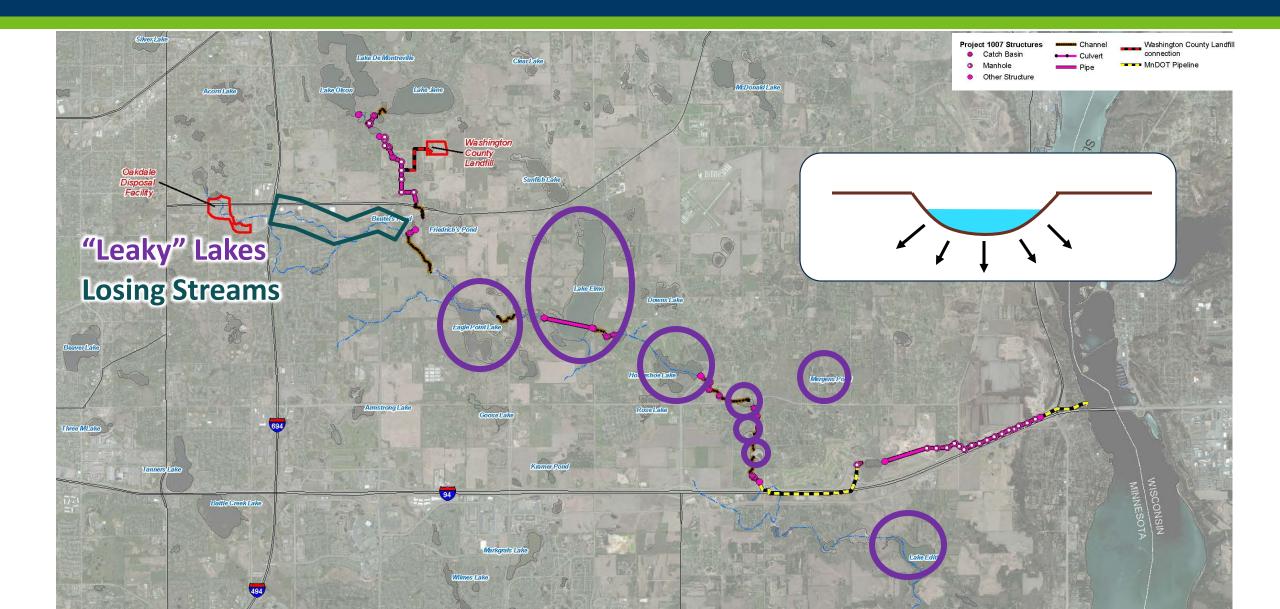
Summer 2020 - 2021

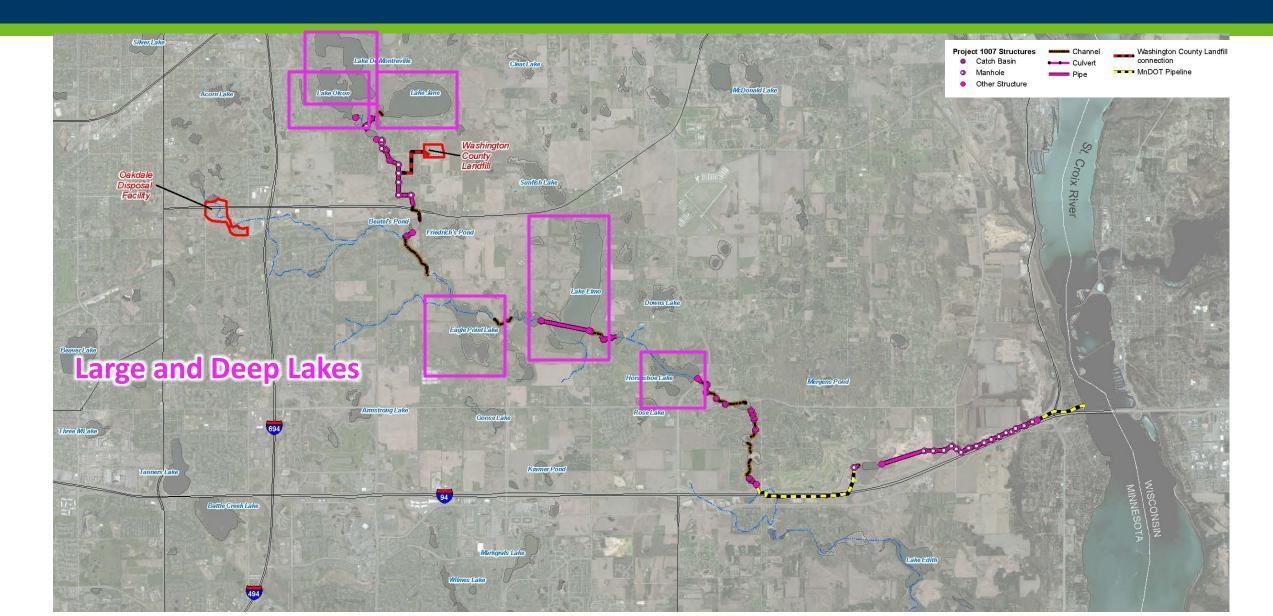
#### What Do We Need to Consider?

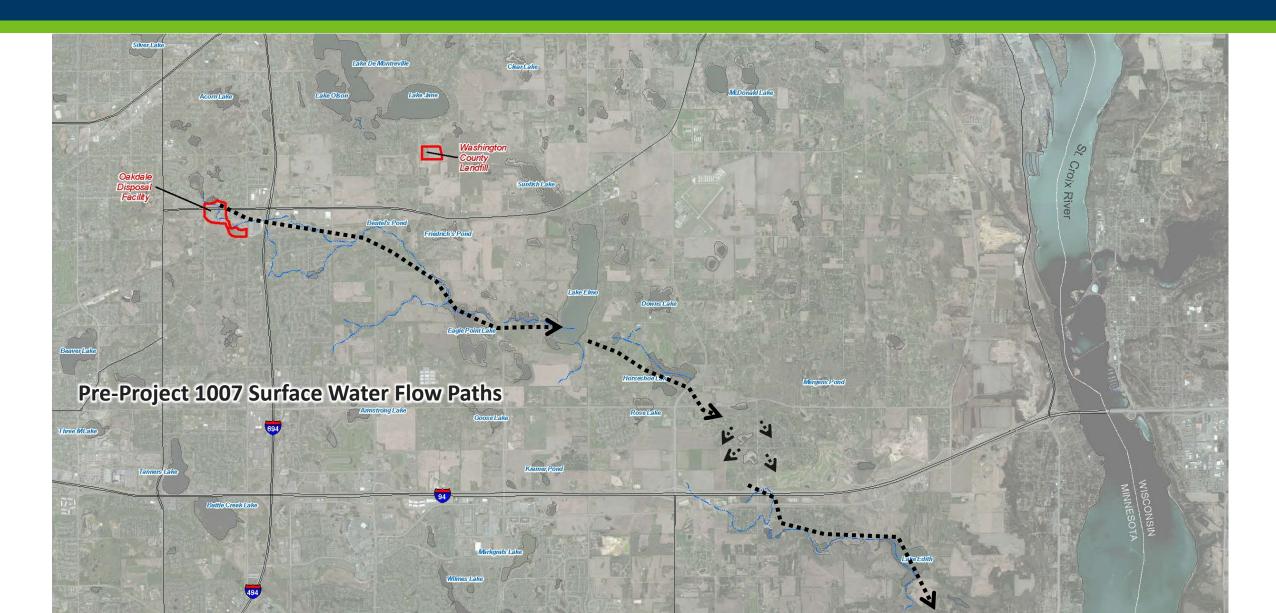


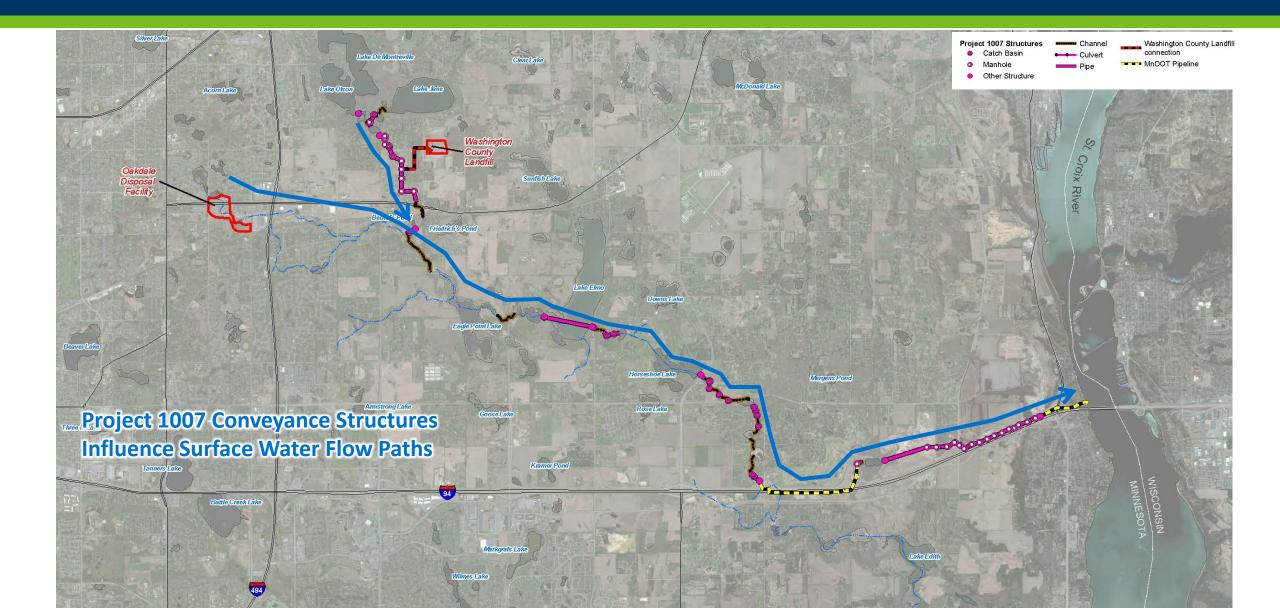


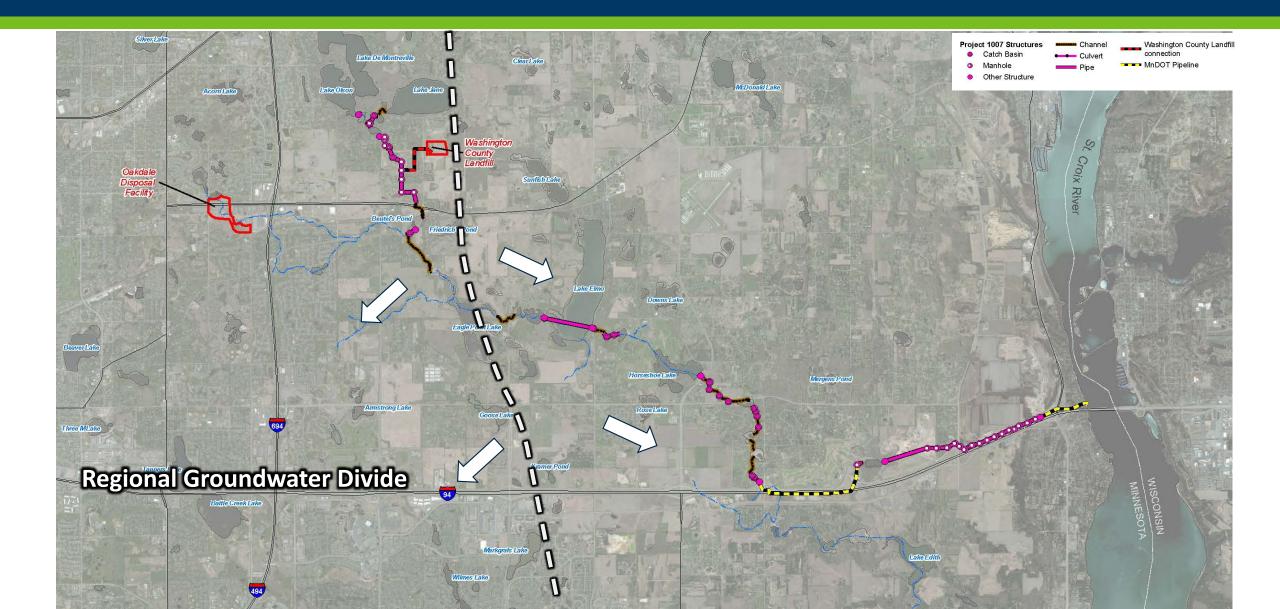


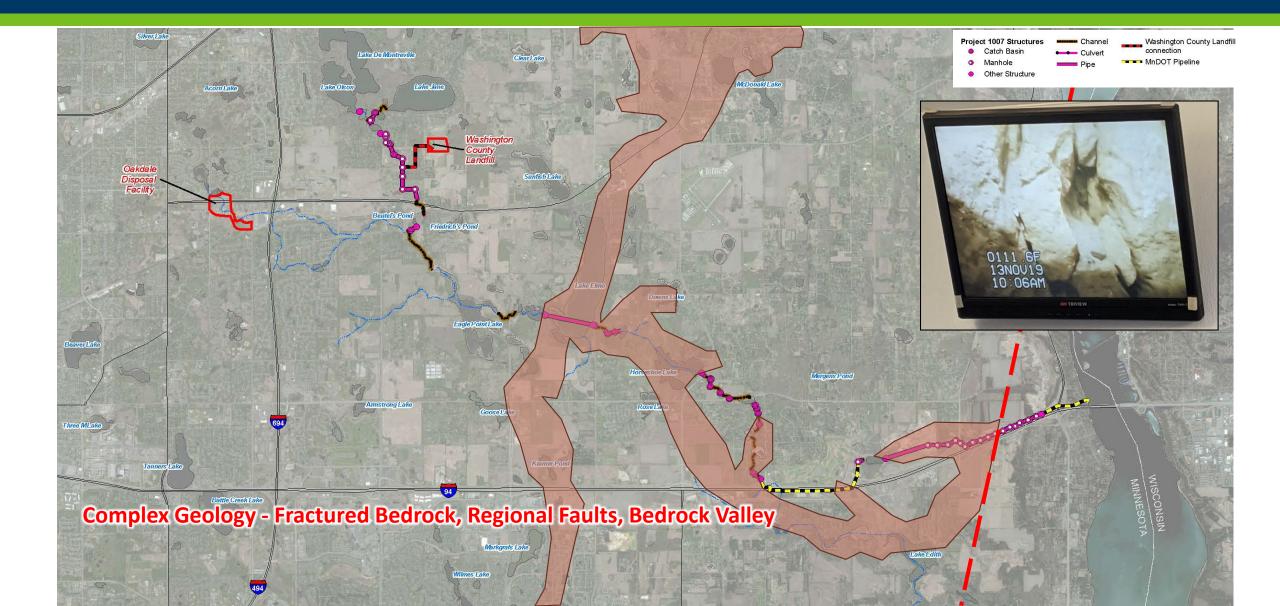


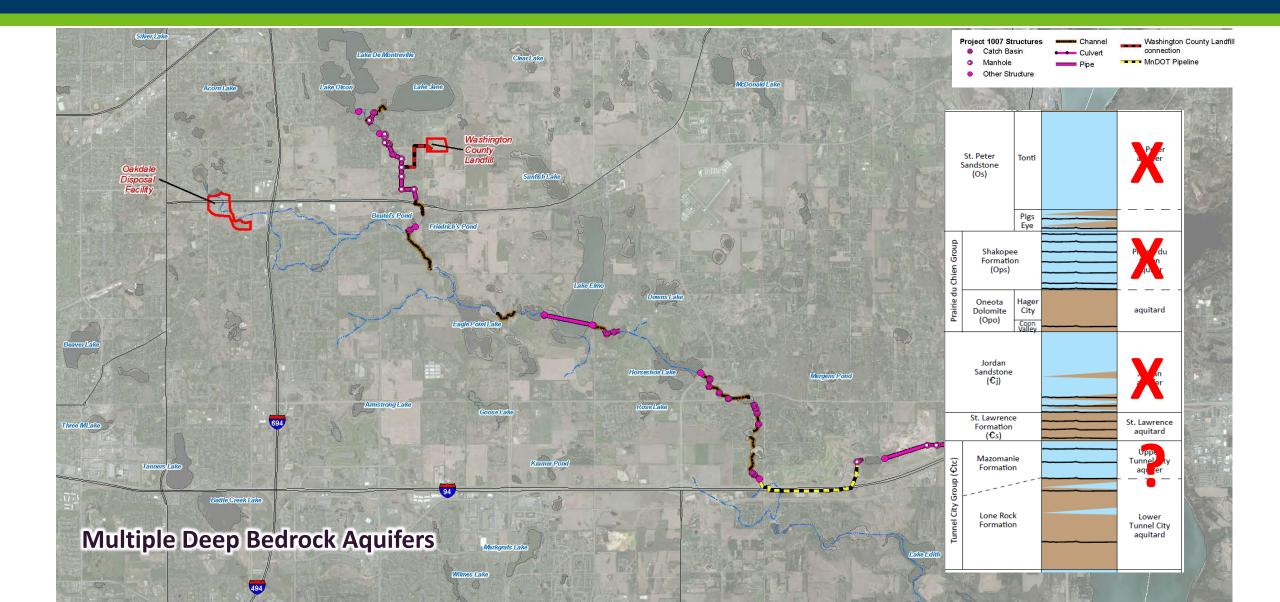


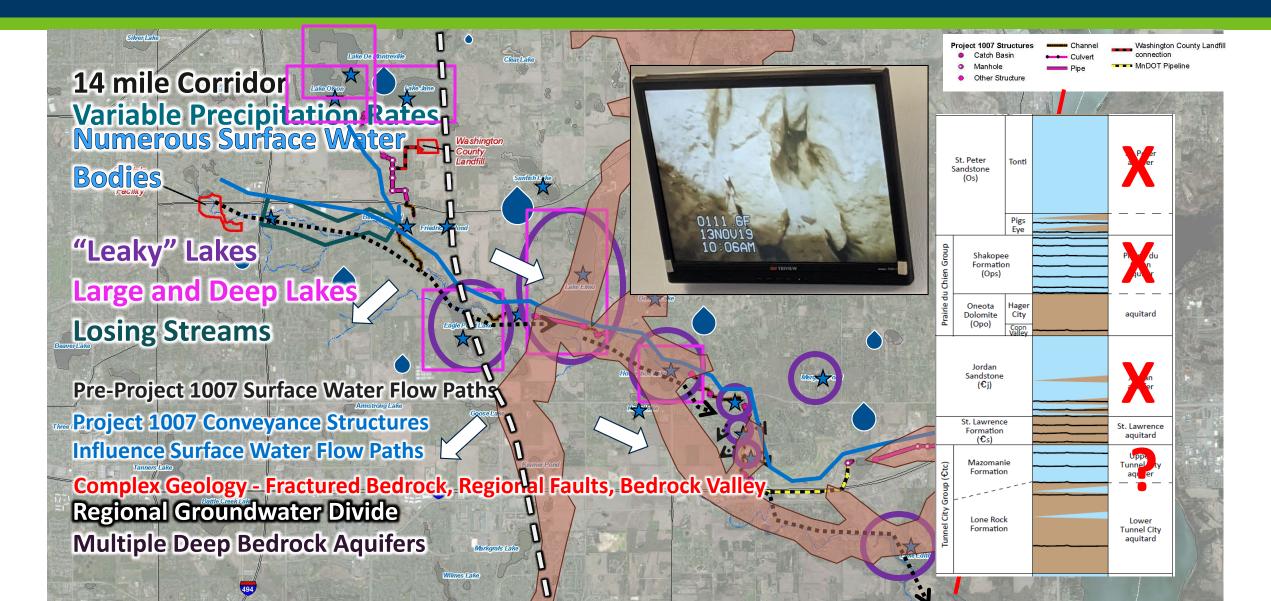


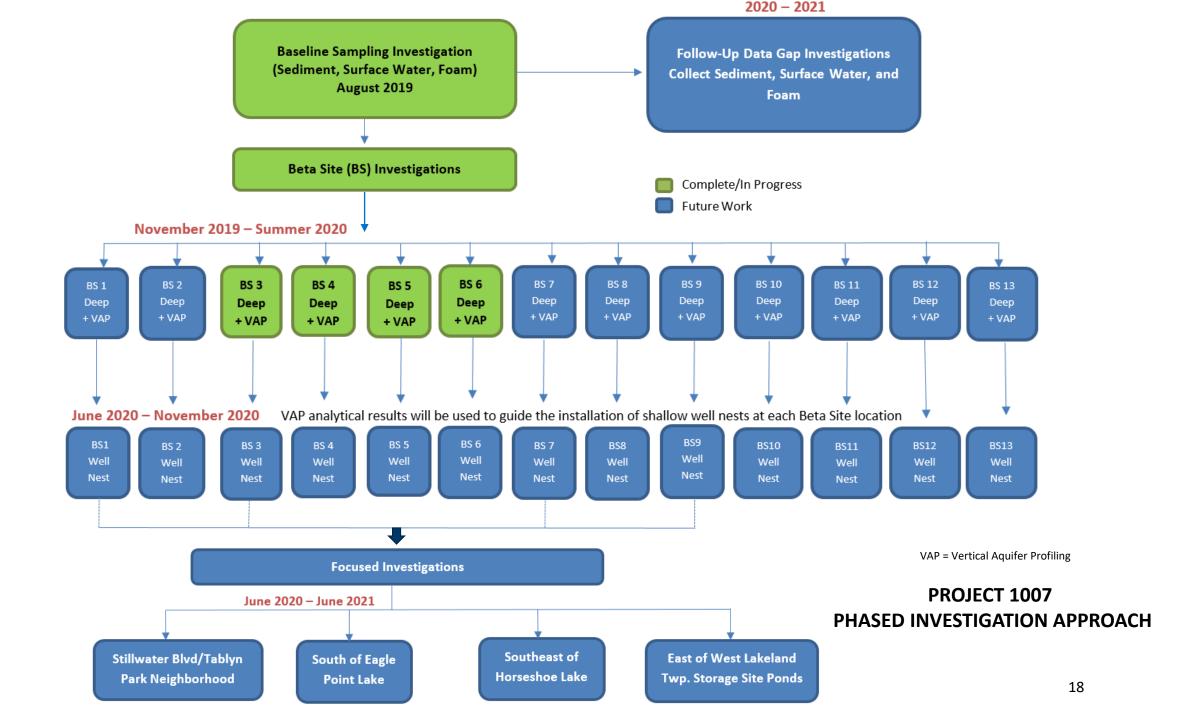






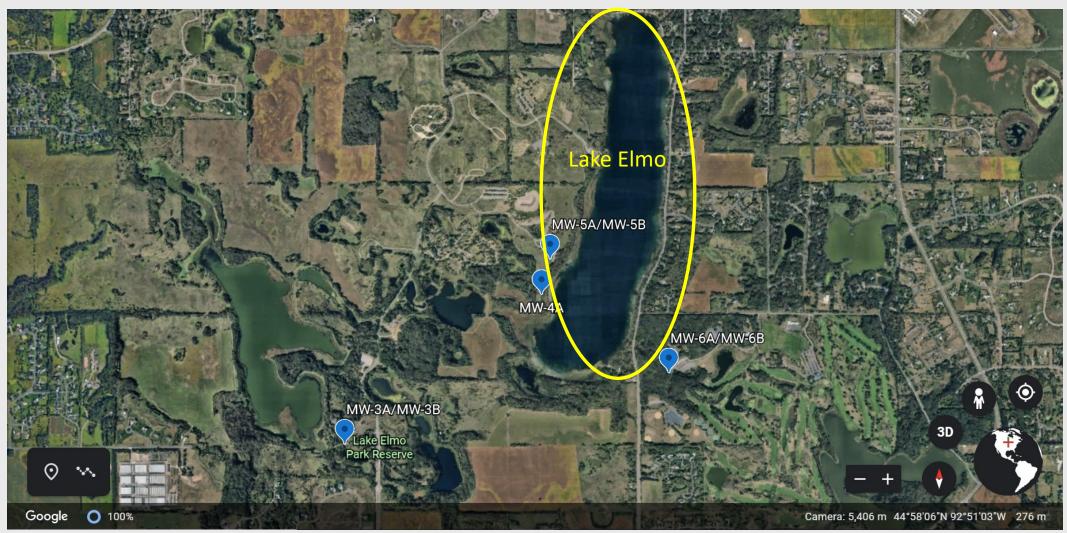




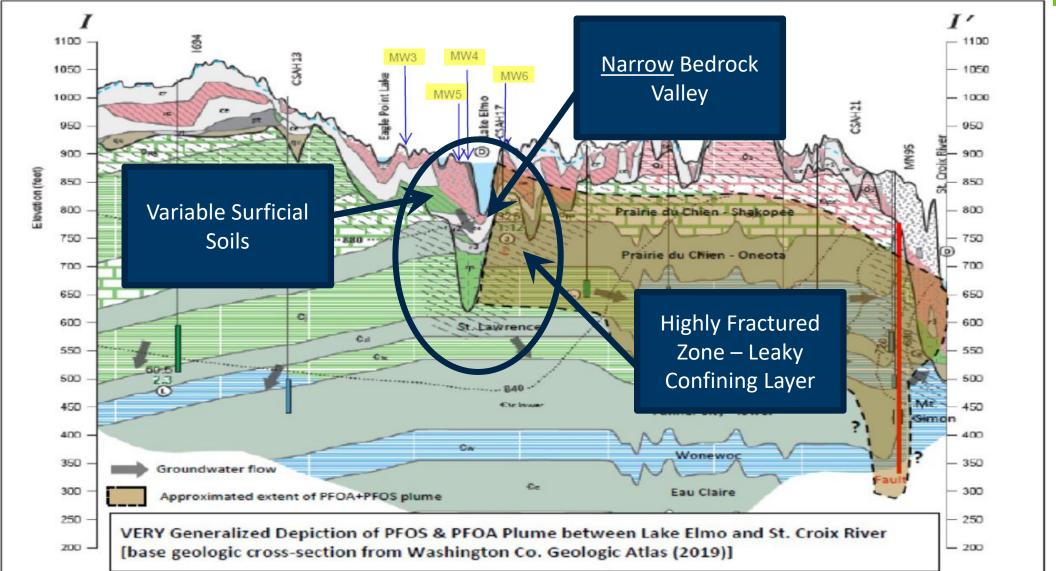




## Beta Phase Drilling Locations



#### Bedrock Findings Preferential Pathways



21

#### Beta Phase Investigation Methods of Investigation



#### Beta Investigation Borehole Video and Geophysical Tools

#### *High Resolution Data = Better Understanding of PFAS Migration*

Video Log Direct visual of borehole sidewalls

Confirms top and bottom of bedrock formations with more precise depths

Shows fractures and flow direction

Natural Gamma Log Confirms top and bottom of bedrock formations

Caliper Log Measures borehole diameter

Electro-Magnetic Flowmeter Measures ambient vertical flow speed

#### Multi-Parameter E-Log

Measures fluid/single point/normal resistivity and temp

Changes in diameter, flow, and temperature can all serve to indicate significant fractures

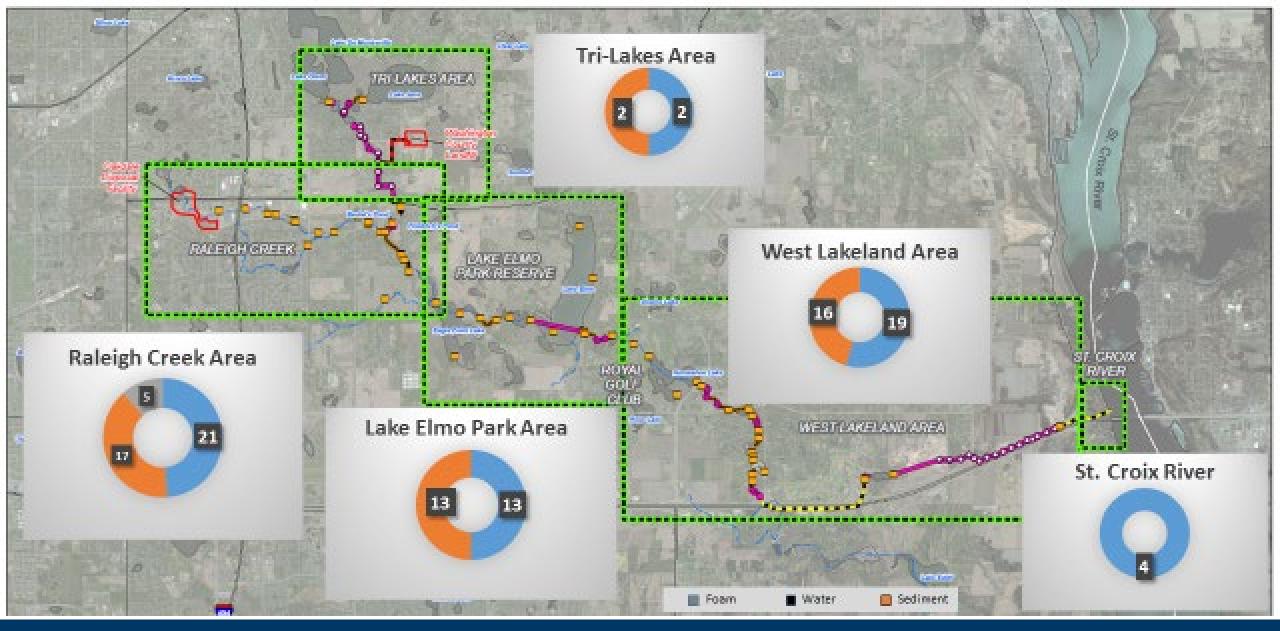
#### Beta Investigation Sample Collection Groundwater and Soil Strategy

- Groundwater and soil samples in surficial glacial units *while* drilling.
- Sampling depth intervals based on soil cuttings from the adjacent deeper well.
- Groundwater samples collected at:
  - Top of the water table
  - Intervals of finer-grained and coarser-grained soils
  - Immediately above first bedrock formation
- Soil samples collected at:
  - Intervals coincident with groundwater samples
  - Zone immediately above water table and first bedrock
  - Any potential confining layers

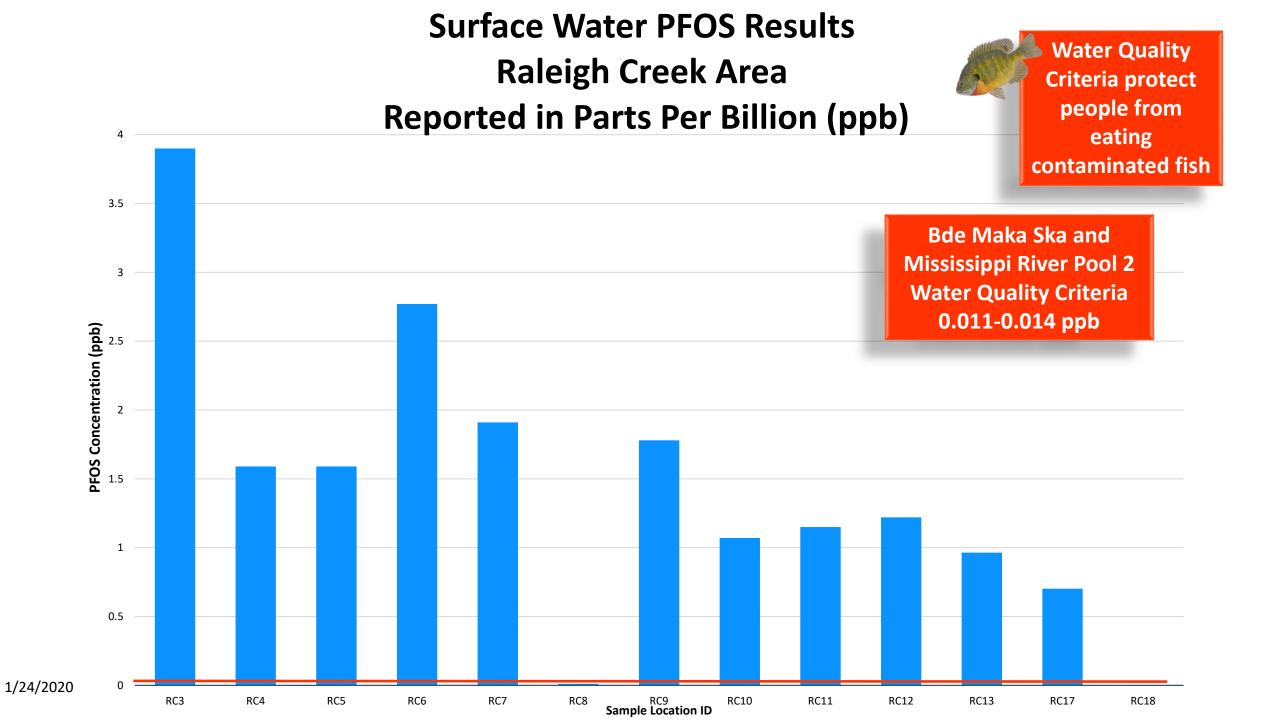


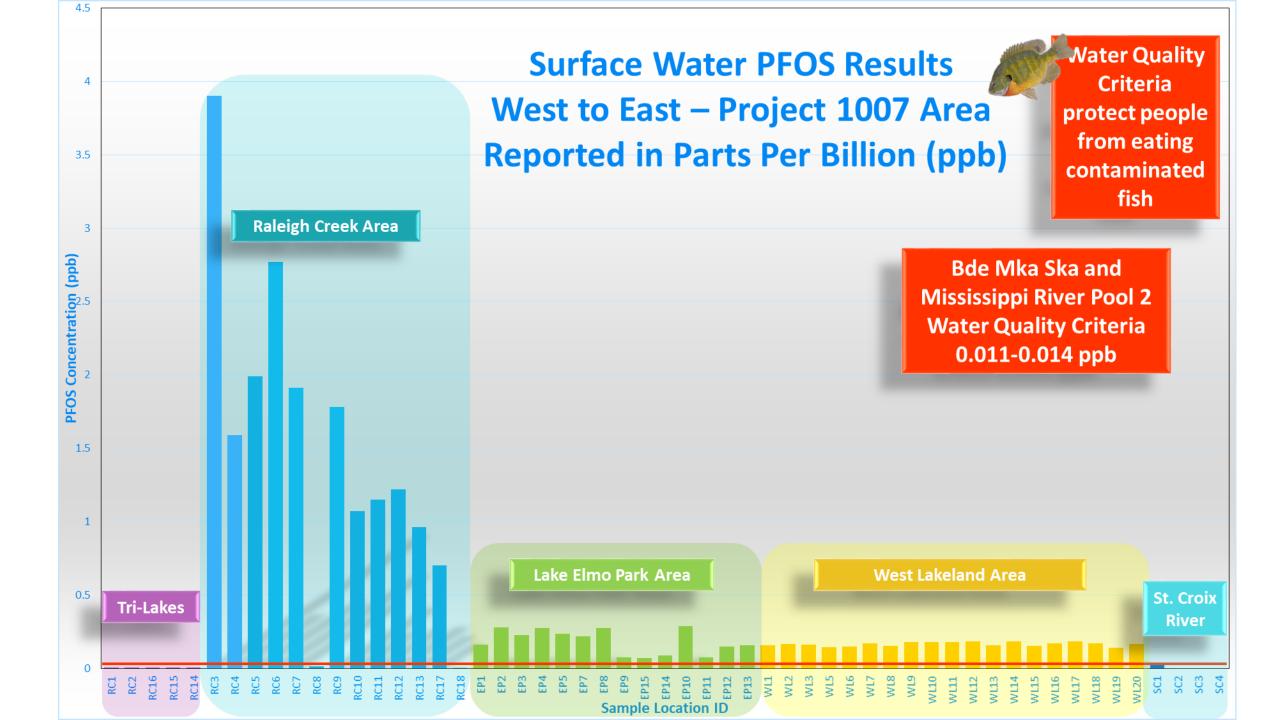


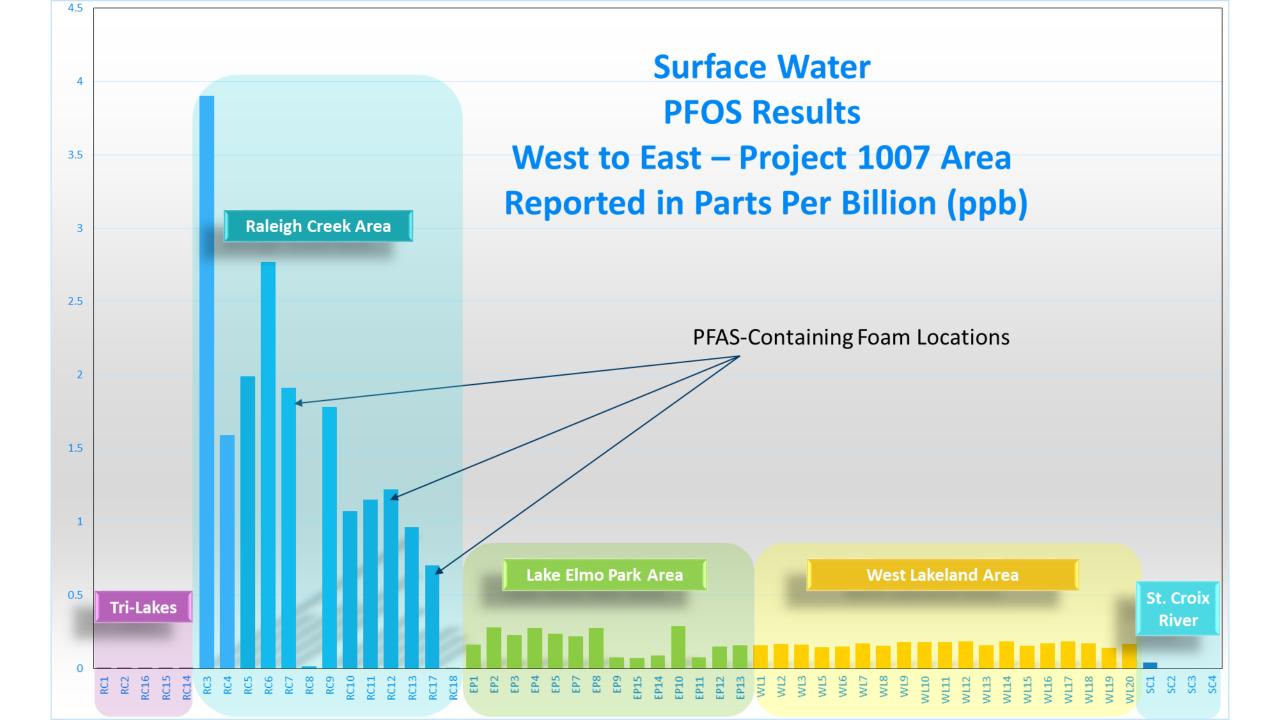
### **Baseline Sampling Analytical Results**

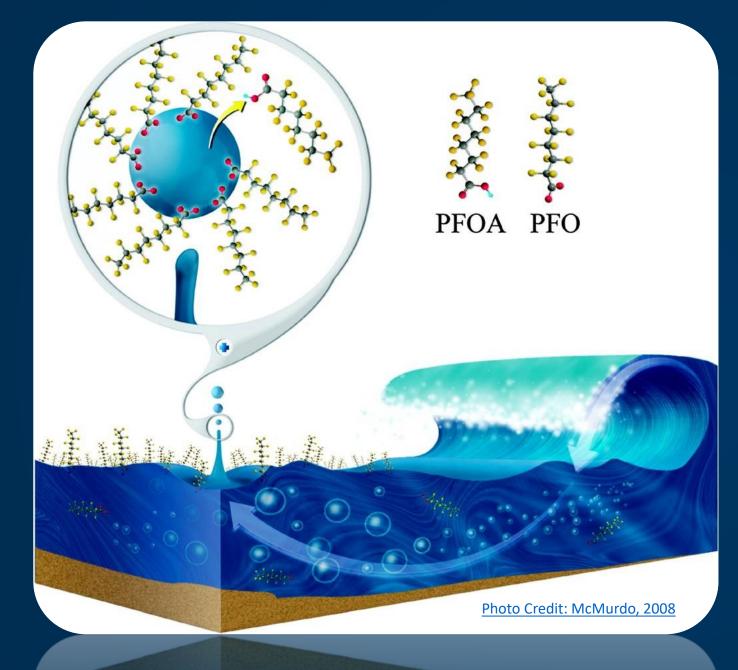


#### Project 1007 Overview Map Sampling Areas and Sample Counts - Baseline Investigation









# Surface Micro Layer (SML)

Approximately 50 um (0.05mm) thick.

An interface of gaseous exchange. High carbon content.

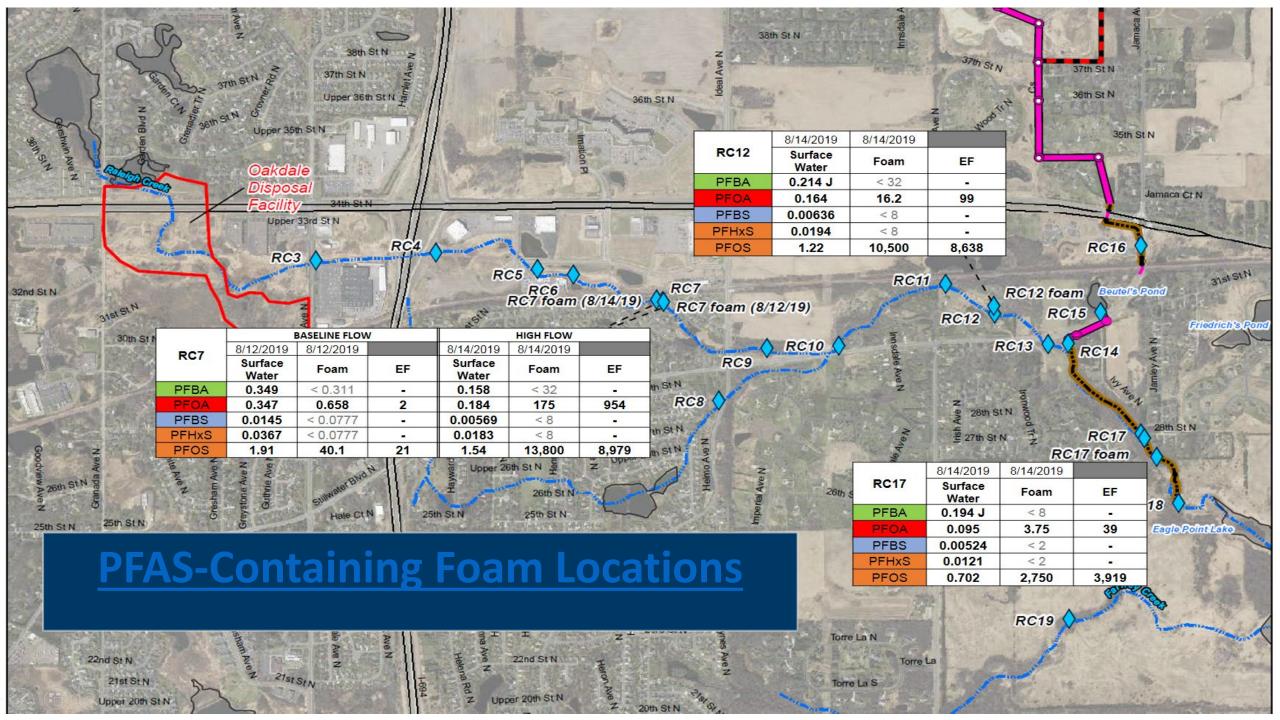
Documented reservoir of surface-active chemicals, including fatty acids, surfactants, PFAS and other compounds.

## PFAS-Containing Foam Appearance



### **PFAS-Containing Foam Appearance**

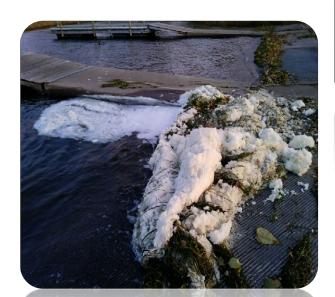




#### Comparison of Foam Results to Oakdale Disposal Site Historic Monitoring Well Data (Units in PPB)

Sample ID	Date	PFBA	PFBS	PFHXS	PFOA	PFOS
Groundwater - ODS Pre Pump-Out Start-Up	3/10/2005		73.5	227	73,767	13,367
Foam - RC7	08/12/19	<.31	<.08	<.08	.66	40.09
Foam - RC7	08/14/19	<32	<.8	<8	175.40	13,800
Foam - RC12	08/14/19	<32	<8	<8	16.22	10,500
Foam - RC17	08/14/19	<8	<2	<2	3.75	2,751
Foam - RC17A	08/14/19	<.32	<.08	<.08	.50	595.30

### Wisconsin's PFAS Foam Experience



PFAS foam on a large creek



PFAS foam on a large creek

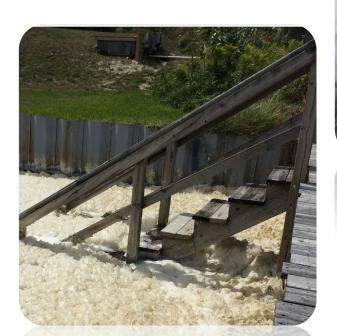


PFAS foam in a drainage ditch



River with previously low level PFAS

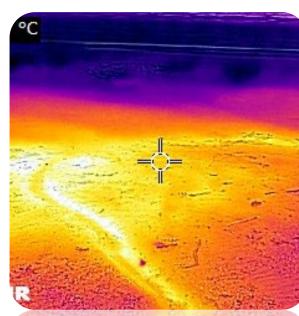
### Michigan's PFAS Foam Experience



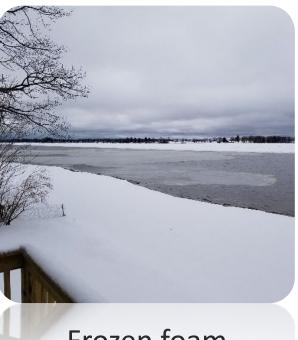
Dock on a lake with nearby sources.



Frozen Foam



# Infrared Camera imaging for source area seeps.



# Frozen foam islands

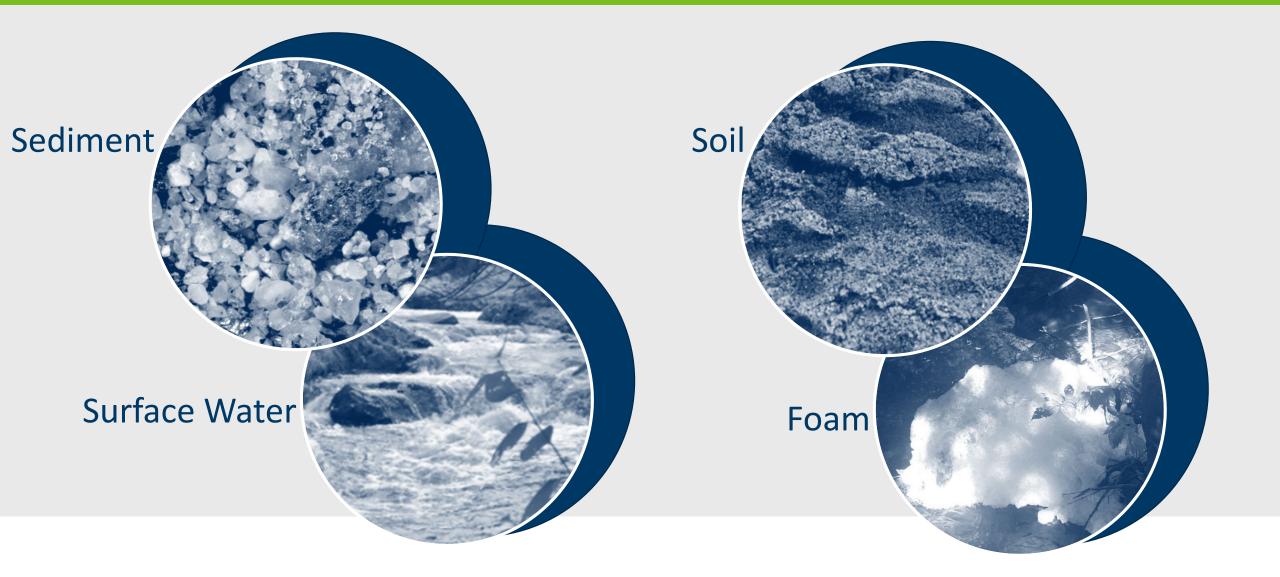


# PFAS Risk Assessment Values

### Human Health Concerns

- People and pets should avoid contact with foam
- Wash skin/fur that has come into contact with suspected PFAS-containing foam with soap and water
- Surface water concentrations of PFAS are *much* lower, indicating water is safe for recreation
- Additional data will be collected
- MDH will conduct additional recreational risk assessment to verify these conclusions

### Non-Drinking Water Health Risk Values



# **NEXT STEPS**

#### Investigating

#### Communicating

#### Coordinating

- Across programs/Agencies
- Appropriate Response Actions

#### Evaluating

- Oakdale Disposal Controls
- Health and Environmental Risks
  - Drinking Water, Groundwater, Ecosystem Receptors

#### Minnesota 3M PFC Settlement

#### Projects - About News Work groups -

#### Projects / Project 1007

#### Project 1007

In 1987, the Valley Branch Watershed District constructed Project 1007 — a large flood control project for the Tri-Lakes Area (lakes Jane, Olson, and DeMontreville). Project 1007 is a system of stormwater pipes, open channels, catchbasins, and two dams that direct the flow of water from the Tri-Lakes area to the St. Croix River. It also uses a number of lakes and creeks to connect to the St. Croix River.

One of those creeks, Raleigh Creek, also flows through the former 3M Oakdale disposal site. Additionally, between the late 1980's to the early 1990's, untreatead water from Washington County Landfill was discharged to Project 1007.

Why it matters



### Conclusions

What has been completed in 1 year?

- Road Map for Comprehensive Investigation
- ✓ First Phase Complete
- ✓ Second Phase In-Progress

Investigation continues through 2021

Complex problem – no easy fix to forever chemicals

PFAS-containing foam can be found in PFAS-impacted surface water

People and pets should avoid foam

# Thank you

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1/24/2020